Youth Engagement

Summary Report

March 2016 Sioux Lookout First Nations Health Authority Emma McDonald



Table of Contents

Acknowledgements	4
1.0. Introduction	5
2.0 Youth Art Challenge	6
3.0 School Engagement Sessions	6
3.1 Youth Values 3.2 Issues Facing Youth 3.3 Programs 3.4 Goals	8 8
3.5 Skills and Strengths	
4.0 Youth Development Survey	
Question 1: What are the most important health issues affecting youth in your community? Question 2: What can communities do to solve these issues?	10
Question 4: How do you think the youth could get involved in fixing these problems?	
Question 5: What is happening in your community to keep you Healthy?	
Question 6: What else would you like to see happening in your community to keep youth healthy Question 7: What would make you join healthy activities?	
Question 8: What do you think would make you healthier?	
Question 9 and 10: Connection with Elders	
Question 11: What should/could be done to help Elders and Youth connect?	
5.0 Social Media Survey	16
6.0 Conclusion	16
Appendix A: Communities Represented	18
Appendix B: Youth Values	19
Appendix A: Youth Feedback Pelican, DFC, Matawa	21
Appendix C: Programs Youth use	22
Appendix D: Programs Youth want	23
Appendix E: Goals Youth have for their Community	24
Appendix F: Youth Responses "What can SLFNHA do for you?"	25
Appendix G: Youth Engagement Survey Age of respondents	26
Appendix H: Youth Responses "What can SLFNHA do for you?"	27
Appendix I: Social Media Survey	27

Figures Figure 1: Youth Art Challenge First Place......6 Figure 2: Youth Art Challenge Second Place6 Figure 3: Youth Values Word Cloud7 Figure 4: Youth Art Challenge Fourth Place9 Figure 5: What are the most important health issues affecting youth in your community?10 Figure 6: Who should be involved in fixing these problems?......11 **Tables** Table 2: How do you think the youth could get involved in fixing these problems?......12 Table 3: What is happening in your community to keep you Healthy?......13 Table 4: What else would you like to see happening in your community to keep youth healthy? 13 Table 6: What do you think would make you healthier?......15

Acknowledgements

The Community Wellbeing Project Team would like to thank the staff and students at Keewaytinook Internet High School, Matawa Learning Center, Thomas Fiddler Memorial High School, Pelican Falls First Nations High School, Dennis Franklin Cromarty First Nations High School, Nibinamik Education Center, Morris Thomas Memorial Christian School, Waninitawingaang Memorial School and Obishikokaang Elementary School for allowing us to present in their schools. We would also like to thank Mishkeegogamang First Nation for allowing us to present at their Elder and Youth Forum. We would also like to acknowledge, and thank, Stan Wesley for facilitating four of our youth engagement sessions, and Pam Hubbard for facilitating our Youth Development Approaches to Community Wellbeing Working Group meeting. We would like to thank the Approaches to Community Wellbeing Working Group for assisting in setting up visits and compiling the feedback received. Thank you to the Northern Nishnawbe Education Council for sharing the Youth Development Survey among their students.

The Community Wellbeing Project Team members who conducted visits and complied feedback were Emily Paterson the Community Wellbeing Project Coordinator, Emma McDonald the Community and Youth Engagement Officer, and Shanna Switzer the Community Wellbeing Facilitator. Our team would like to thank Health Canada and the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care for their continual support of the Approaches to Community Wellbeing. The opinions expressed in this document are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the official views of Health Canada or the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care.

1.0. Introduction

The Approaches to Community Wellbeing was developed by the Sioux Lookout First Nations Health Authority (SLFNHA) for 31 communities in northwestern Ontario. The communities have identified the Raising our Children section of the model as a priority, and thus, it is the first area of the model SLFNHA is aiming to develop and implement. Within "Raising our Children", "Youth Development" is the first area of focus.

Between March 2015 and March 2016 the Community Wellbeing Project Team hosted a youth art Challenge, visited eight different schools, and conducted two surveys to gain input into the Youth Development aspect of the Raising our Children section of "Approaches to Community Wellbeing". The purpose of engaging youth was to hear what health issues are priorities to youth, and what initiatives that promote health should be available to First Nations youth in our region.

The Community Wellbeing Youth Art Challenge was the first phase of the Community Wellbeing Project's youth engagement strategy. The idea for the challenge was to get the youth to start thinking about what makes their community healthy. The artwork submissions displayed the importance of cultural practices, values and beliefs to health.

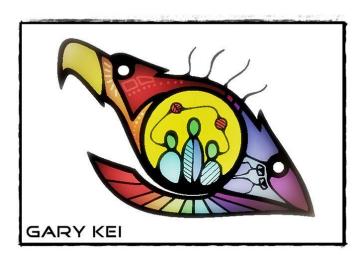
Our school visits aimed to engage youth in an interactive way in order to get them thinking about their own health as well as the health of their community. The content of the engagement sessions varied slightly from session to session. Youth were asked about their values, issues facing youth, what programs they already use as well as what programs they would like to see in their community. Youth were asked about what skills and strengths they possessed and goals they had for their community. We also asked what SLFNHA could potentially do to improve health in their communities. During these visits we spoke to, and got feedback from more than 300 grade 5-12 students during 16 engagement sessions.

In addition to engagement sessions we also conducted two surveys. The Youth Development Survey was created to get a better understanding of what issues are important to youth and what can be done to help with these issues in communities. The survey was accessible online and in paper form. It was distributed to students from SLFNHA represented communities at Queen Elizabeth High School through the Northern Nishnawbe Education Council. It was also filled out by students at our various school engagement sessions. The Social Media Survey was distributed at some engagement sessions in order to gain an understanding of how many youth were active on social media, and what sites they were active on, in order to help create a social media strategy for "Approaches to Community Wellbeing".

Through our youth engagement initiatives we collected a substantial amount of feedback. This report represents the views of over 300 youth in our region representing 21 different First Nation communities in the Sioux Lookout region (see appendix A). The Community Wellbeing Project Team is impressed with the passion, talent, and knowledge of the First Nations Youth in our region and hopes to continue to engage and work with youth throughout our project.

2.0 Youth Art Challenge

In March 2015 the Community Wellbeing Project Team launched the Youth Art Challenge. This was the first phase of the youth engagement strategy. We asked youth from Sioux Lookout area First Nations communities to participate in a Youth Art Challenge and show us what makes their communities healthy. The Youth Art Challenge asked youth aged 12-25 to submit photography, visual art, music, or writing to explain what makes their community healthy, or what community wellbeing means to them. The



artwork submissions displayed the importance of communities to return to cultural practices, values, and beliefs. They illustrated a strong connection to the land, and the importance of traditional foods. Figure 1 (pictured above) was submitted by Gary Quill, from Pikangikum First Nation. He won the first place prize for his digital artwork. Gary won a FitBit Flex and USB power bank charger. Figure 2, pictured below, was by Karian Meekis from Deer Lake. She won the second place prize in the Youth Art Challenge for her photograph.



3.0 School Engagement Sessions

School engagement sessions were a large portion of the youth engagement strategy. Our team visited eight schools between September 2015 and March 2016 and interacted with over 250 youth from 16 different First Nations. The schools visited were: Matawa Learning Center, Thomas Fiddler Memorial High School, Pelican Falls First Nations High School, Dennis Franklin Cromarty First Nations High School, Nibinamik Education Center, Morris Thomas Memorial Christian School, Waninitawingaang Memorial School, and Obishikokaang Elementary School.

Throughout the engagement process, and as feedback was gained, the types of questions we asked varied. For example, during one visit to Pelican Falls First Nation's High School and Dennis Franklin Cromarty First Nation's High School the activity involved six questions where the answers filled in parts of a tree in order to illustrate what communities and youth need to grow (see appendix B). Throughout the engagement activities we asked youth about their values in order to develop a specific set of youth values for the "Approaches to Community Wellbeing Model". We also asked about what health issues youth are currently facing in their communities. In order to help guide any future programing we asked what programs youth currently use and what new programs they would like to see in their communities. We asked youth about the skills and strengths they possessed and how they could use those skills and strengths to improve health in their community. This was to get youth thinking about taking action to make their community a better place. Youth were also asked about what goals they had for their community and what SLFNHA could do to improve health in their communities with programs, services, and advocacy. The school engagement sessions were well received by the students and the majority participated with enthusiasm. We were thrilled with the amount of feedback collected. Many students emphasized a need for us to continue to work with them and expressed interest in continued involvement in the project.

3.1 Youth Values

During most of our visits, students were asked to think of things that were important to them and what motivated them. Some of the younger youth did not quite understand the question and ended up listing thinks that they liked such as their favorite food or videogame. Values that really stood out as being very important were family, culture, and language. Qualities such as trust, truth, honesty, and bravery also came up multiple times. These values are consistent with values that are already within the "Approaches to Community Wellbeing Model". Values that were unique to youth were relationships with friends, education and sports including hockey, basketball, and volleyball. Other less major themes were outdoor activities, music, love, health, life, freedom, and respect (see appendix C). The word cloud below (Figure 2) includes the values that were mentioned by youth more than 5 times, with the more frequent responses represented in a larger font. We were glad to see that youth shared values already included in the model. We hope to use the values that were unique to youth to guide development of the Youth Development section of the model.

Figure 2: Youth Values Word Cloud



3.2 Issues Facing Youth

At three of the sessions students were asked "What are the most important problems/issues facing youth today?" Many issues were identified (appendix D). Issues commonly mentioned were food security, lack of activities, depression, bullying, drugs, alcohol, and poverty. Other issues that came up were crime, issues with schooling, employment, parental neglect, family separation, and poor community infrastructure.

3.3 Programs

3.3.1 Programs that youth use

At Matawa Learning Center, Pelican Falls First Nations High School, and Dennis Franklin Cromarty First Nations High School youth were asked what programs or activities they participate in in their community to stay healthy (see appendix D and E). This question ended up going much beyond formal programs and services. Common activities included many land based activities including, hunting, fishing, trapping, and chopping wood. Many sports were listed including, hockey, volleyball, basketball, broomball, and soccer. Other physical activity included walking, running, and working out. Many youth mentioned spending time with Elders, baking, and summer jobs as things that keep them busy and help them stay healthy. Some formal programs mentioned in the feedback included Girl Power Wolf Spirit, Canadian Rangers, and Right to Play.

3.3.2 Programs that youth want

At many of our sessions, youth were given the opportunity to tell us what types of programs they would like to see more of in their communities (see appendix F). Many expressed interest in arts based programs, specifically music and dance programs. Movie nights were a popular answer, as well as cooking classes to learn to cook healthy food. More sports teams and sports tournaments were commonly requested along with land based activities such as fishing, trapping and dog sledding. When specifically asked about programs needed to fix some of the problems identified as important to youth, breakfast/lunch programs and bullying workshops were commonly requested (appendix D). Responses of what was already in communities and what youth would like to see more of tended to be similar. Many youth requested more options for activities and wanted activities that did exist to run more frequently.

3.4 Goals

Students were asked about goals for their community to make it a healthier place (see appendix G). Many stressed the need for more activities for youth as well as infrastructure for activities such as park equipment, fitness centers, outdoor rinks, and arenas. Many wanted to see more stores and restaurants in their communities. Food security was also a common issue with youth wanting to see healthy food choices offered and lower food prices. Within their community youth wanted improved infrastructure such as an animal shelters, paved roads, street lights, better housing, and sidewalks. Many youth also took the opportunity to list personal goals such as finishing school and getting a job. Many of the goals youth had involved having more activities to do and safe spaces for them to hang out.

3.5 Skills and Strengths

We asked students to think about what they were good at and how they could use those skills to contribute to the health of their community. Many students listed sports, artistic activities, life skills, parenting skills, and workplace skills as well as general positive qualities they possessed. When asked how they were going to put these skills into action in their community students decided they could teach children and peers different sports, instruments, or skills such as hunting, fishing, and trapping. Some youth came up with ideas for events and activities they could run such as movie or game nights, cooking classes, and times for pick up sports. There were also a lot of ideas for simple things that would better their community overall, such as making everyone feel welcome, having a voice, smiling at people, and bringing everyone's spirits up



Figure 4: Chelsey Greig, a Kasabonika Lake band member living in Sioux Lookout, won the third place in the Youth Art Challenge for her artwork.

3.6 SLFNHA's Role

When asked what they wanted SLFNHA to provide or advocate for youth identified a need for SLFNHA to advocate for more youth services, youth centres, and sports infrastructure (i.e. arenas, courts), as well as more jobs for youth in the communities (see appendix H). They wanted to see SLFNHA visit communities on a regular basis and continue contact with youth. They wanted SLFNHA to organize workshops and programs around anti-bullying, healthy living, quitting smoking, safety, first aid, and to plan outdoor activities. They hoped we could supply resources such as money, people, prizes, equipment, and supplies and improve health care with more nurses. Many of these are within our power and will be considered when we look at the role SLFNHA will have in Youth Development.

4.0 Youth Development Survey

The Community Wellbeing Project Team conducted a Youth Development Survey for youth ages 12-25. The survey was developed by the Approaches to Community Wellbeing Working Group, and included questions that the group felt were important to be addressed. The key issues facing youth were developed by consulting related youth reports to determine what themes were already known in the communities or other First Nations across Canada. They were further developed with input from the Working Group. Youth who completed the survey were entered into a draw to win a prize. The Survey was available online and paper copies were distributed during school engagement sessions as well as to First Nations Youth at Dennis Franklin Cromarty High School, Pelican Falls First Nations High School, Queen Elizabeth District High School, and Thomas Fiddler Memorial High School. The survey was used to increase our reach and gain more information about the health of youth in First Nation communities in the region. Youth were asked questions about issues affecting youth as well as what they think should be done to solve those issues. An in-depth summary of their responses is recorded below. In total, 130 youth filled out the survey ranging from 13-23 years of age (see appendix I) and together represented 21 communities represented by SLFNHA as well as and one respondent from Sioux Lookout and one from southern Ontario (see appendix A).

Question 1: What are the most important health issues affecting youth in your community?

Youth were given a list of health issues and asked to pick the most important issues for youth in their community (Figure 5). Smoking was the most commonly selected answer. Self-harm, bullying, and addictions/substance abuse were also commonly identified as important issues facing youth. Eating disorders were the least common answer. The survey allowed for youth to include answers not listed in the question. A few youth listed "drugs" as an issue and these were grouped under addictions/substance abuse, however, it may be useful to note that some youth view alcohol and drugs as two separate issues.

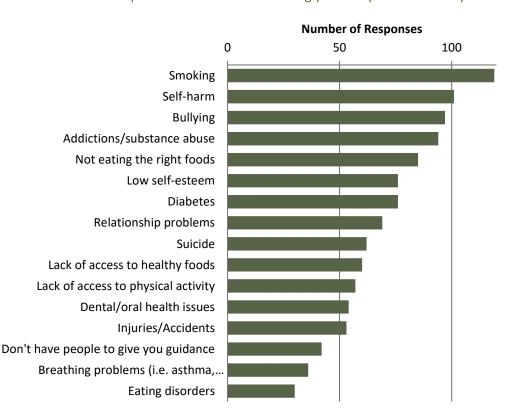


Figure 5: What are the most important health issues affecting youth in your community?

Question 2: What can communities do to solve these issues?

Youth were asked how to solve some of the issues they had identified as important to youth. Some looked at specific solutions to issues they had identified and others looked at overall things that would improve the health of the community. Themes that came up were the need for more staff, programing around health, policies, and healthy infrastructure. Some youth did not know what could be done and, unfortunately, a few thought nothing could be done about the issues. The following table outlines the specific feedback from this question. The numbers in brackets indicate the number of times the response, or something very similar, was written.

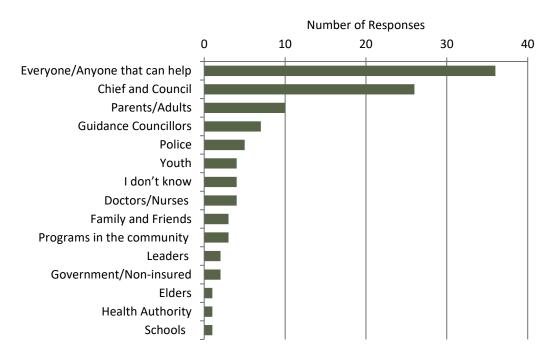
Table 1: What can communities do to solve these issues?

Staffing and Programming	Health Infrastructure	Other
Make counselling	Get safe drinking water	Ask people what they want/need (2)
available/Have more people to	Improve food prices/access (3)	Attend programs
talk to (10)	Minimize access to cigarettes and	Fundraising
Workshops/Programs (9)	illegal substances (3)	Healthy living (5)
More camps	Put a curfew into effect	Help each other/work together (8)
More professional help in		Make an effort/ care (3)
communities (5)		Raise awareness of problems (4)
More/Better nursing staff (2)		Seek knowledge and have understanding
Treatment programs (4)		Talk to/listen to youth (8)

Question 3: Who should be involved in fixing these problems?

Many youth thought it was up to the community as a whole to take part in solving health issues. Other youth thought it should be up to the Chief and Council to take action. Other common answers were professionals in the community including police, councillors, doctors, and nurses. Some youth answered the question on an individual level identifying that the parents, friends, and family of people who are struggling with these issues, should help. Some people identified that youth also had a role to play in the solution to these issues.

Figure 6: Who should be involved in fixing these problems?



Question 4: How do you think the youth could get involved in fixing these problems?

Some youth took this question as how could they prevent these heath issues for themselves and others looked at how they could contribute to solving the issues within the community. Many youth mentioned ways of supporting people who were struggling. Other youth thought of how they could take action to make an impact on the health of their community. Some common themes included activism in the form of speaking up and raising awareness of the issues. Also, many forms of peer support were mentioned as well as keeping themselves healthy by keeping busy and having a healthy lifestyle. A more detailed overview of the answers can be found in Table 2 below. The numbers in brackets indicate the number of times that answer was identified.

Table 2: How do you think the youth could get involved in fixing these problems?

Activism/Helping	Peer Support	Prevention	Other
out			
Be honest and respectful By stepping up/Speaking up (4) Focus on the positive Get involved (6) Making the program fun Raise awareness (2)	Be a good role model (2) Don't put down the youth Educate kids to see the problems Encourage them (2) Examine who they are as individuals Guidance Help one another (2) Make them feel mature enough	Be more physically active/ eating healthy (3) Seek counselling (3) Do what's right Friendship centre Keep busy (2) Listen to everyone (2) More activities (2)	Tell an adult about issues they see (2) Youth need to realize that they make up a part of the problems communities have Smarten up/ Grow up (2)
Volunteering Work together Help with making posters or do presentations	Opening up to people other community members other/about it (7) Pay youth to mentor Start a group Talk to each other Youth focus groups	Programs/workshops (7) Sharing circles Stay in school Take a stand against bullying (2)	

Question 5: What is happening in your community to keep you Healthy?

When asked what was happening in their community to keep them healthy many different programs were mentioned (Table 3). Many youth mentioned activities, programs, and workshops but were not specific about what types were happening. Some respondents were not aware what was happening in their community, and others, unfortunately, thought nothing was happening. In contrast, one youth thought that everything in their community was helping to keep them healthy. The most common answers were sports or other physical activities. Many programs and various professionals that are involved in making the community heathier were also mentioned.

Table 3: What is happening in your community to keep you Healthy?

Programs	Physical Activities	Infrastructure
After School Program (2)	Fishing/ Ice fishing (2)	Gym (5)
Breakfast and Lunch Program (2)	Hockey (7)	Complex Open Every Night (2)
Community Activities	Outdoor Activities (3)	Rec Centre
Cooking Class	Recreation Activities	Youth Centre
Dance Program (2)	Running Club (2)	
Health Office Programs	Sports (20)	
Junior Canadian Rangers	Walking	
Right to Play	Weightlifting	
Suboxone Program (2)	Staff	Other
Summer Jobs (4)	Diabetes Prevention Workers	Food (2)
Treatment Programs (3)	Elders	Health Promotion Posters
Youth Camps/Programs	Guest Speakers	No More Drugs
	New Teachers	Physically Active/Eating Healthy (4)
		School (6)

Question 6: What else would you like to see happening in your community to keep youth healthy?

When asked what other activities they would like to see in their community many youth requested more sports, programs, and activities. Some youth were not specific about what types of programs, workshops, and activities they would like to see but many specific programs and activities were requested (Table 4). The youth came up with activities that would keep them active and things that would help keep their mind healthy. Other answers included various events and more safe spaces for youth.

Table 4: What else would you like to see happening in your community to keep youth healthy?

Physical Activities	Other Activities	Other
Basketball	After school programs	Cheaper food (2)
Canoeing	Arts	Forced curfews
European handball	Baking/Cooking class	More funding (2)
Exercise	Beading	Healthy food /eating (7)
Floor hockey	Boat outings	Keeping people busy
More tournaments	Culture based activities	More involvement/Support with community
Running club	Games	members
Sports (4)	Hunting	Nothing else
Stay active	Outdoor activities(3)	Parents to stop doing drugs
Three sticks	Sharing circles	People trying their best to keep youth healthy
Volleyball team		(2)
Workout program (2)		Recreation worker
		Right to play
		Ticket underage smoking
		Youth trying to stay healthy

Table 4 cont'd: What else would you like to see happening in your community to keep youth healthy?

Events	Healthy minds	Facilities
Career fair	Counselling (2)	Fitness centre
Community events	No bullying (2)	Gym/ Gym open in the evenings (3)
Contests	Someone for people to talk to (2)	Hangout place
Dances	Support group for self-harm	Recreation Centre
More shows		Weight room
Movie night		Youth centre (3)
Stop smoking campaigns (2)		

Question 7: What would make you join healthy activities?

Youth wanted activities that were fun and inclusive (Table 5). Many mentioned wanting their friends to be participating with them. Youth also said food, adequate resources, and how healthy the activity was would influence their attendance. Many youth mentioned that types of activities they would participate in due to interest and some youth said they would participate no matter what or just to help out.

Table 5: What would make you join healthy activities?

Type of Activity	Inclusive	Resources	Other
Arts and crafts (3)	Everybody being accepted	Food and beverages (11)	Courage would make me
Fitness room	and included (2)	Have a famous	join
Floor hockey	Friends participating (12)	motivator/speaker	Motivation
Gym (2)	Fun (13)	More equipment	To help with my
Interesting activities (4)	If the youth were the	Prizes/incentives like	depression
More options	people that planned an	reward points that helps	
Outdoors (2)	event	maintain an healthy	
physical activity (3)	More affordable	activity (2)	
Sports (6)			

Question 8: What do you think would make you healthier?

When asked what would make them healthier some youth discussed personal habits and other suggested programs that they would like to see. Healthy eating was a common theme, as well as physical activity and more activities. Some of the youth did not know what would make them healthier. Others said they were already healthy or had a healthy daily routine that they enjoyed. It is clear that youth understand the importance of healthy eating and physical activity in a healthy lifestyle. Youth also understood that smoking and other substances had a negative impact on health. A more detailed overview of the answers can be found in Table 6 below. The numbers in brackets indicate the number of times that answer was identified.

Table 6: What do you think would make you healthier?

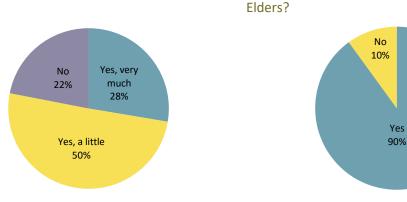
Personal	Programs	Community Infrastructure
Being physically active/exercise (21)	Counselling (2)	Access to Healthy Food (4)
Gym (2)	Eating healthy (55)	Clean water (2)
Hygiene	More Activities (7)	Workout facility (2)
More socialization	More programs	
Playing more sports (6)	More sports	
Running	Smoking cessation programs with	
Stay away from drugs and alcohol (4)	free patches	
Stop smoking (5)	Support groups	
Swimming	Workshop	
Taking walks more		
Talking		

Question 9 and 10: Connection with Elders

Questions 9 and 10 asked youth about their connection with Elders in their community and whether or not they would like to strengthen that connection (Figure 7 and Figure 8). Most youth (78%) said they feel at least some connection to Elders and 90% of youth would like to feel more connected to Elders. This is important to incorporate into future programming and our goals and vision for youth.

Figure 8: Would you like to feel more connected to

Figure 7: Do you feel connect to Elders?



Question 11: What should/could be done to help Elders and Youth connect?

Youth gave many suggestions of how Elders and youth could connect (Table 7). Many suggested events and programs that involved Elders and youth coming together to spend time together. Elders teaching youth about traditions and culture was also mentioned a few times. Leaning the language was brought up many times as a way for youth to connect to Elders. It is clear that connection to Elders is important to youth and should be promoted.

Table 7: What should/could be done to help Elders and Youth connect?

Activities	Bring Them Together	Communication
Traditional craft program	Elders could come to the school (3)	Elders to tell their
Activities/ Events together (6)	Gatherings/Meetings (9)	Learning and speaking the language
Community events (2)	Help each other	(11)
Cultural programs/outings (6)	Spend more time with the elders	stories
Elder center/program (2)	Youth helping them out (4)	Storytelling (3)
Elders to teach the youth	Youth visiting elders (3)	Talk with them (8)
traditions/culture (8)		Talking to each other
Feasts		
Flee market		
Hunting		
Pow Wows (2)		
Sharing circles (3)		

5.0 Social Media Survey

During our engagement sessions in Lac Seul and Sandy Lake students were given a survey about their social media use (see appendix J). The survey was developed part way through the engagement process and was only distributed during school visits in two communities, with students' ages 13 and up. The survey was not available online so our ability to collect responses was limited. However, in those two communities the feedback about social media was very similar. Overall, there were 110 students who filled out the survey. Most students (91.8%) listed Facebook as their commonly used social media site. Twitter, Snapchat, Instagram and YouTube were the next most commonly used sites. Almost all of the youth surveyed had access to the internet and social media sites (82.3%). No students were aware of a site in existence for First Nations Youth. Most of the youth (76%) said they would use a social media site for First Nations Youth, 14% said they may be interested, and 9% said they would not be interested. Though only two communities were represented, the feedback collected clearly showed that First Nations Youth are using social media and, more specifically, are active on Facebook. Due to the high social media use among youth in the region and the lack of sites aimed at First Nations Youth the Community Wellbeing Project team hopes to create a Facebook page that would serve as an online network for First Nations youth and allow us to share information more easily, to a greater youth audience, and gain feedback.

6.0 Conclusion

Throughout our initial community consultations, it became evident that youth was a priority demographic in need of additional support. After conducting the Youth Art Challenge, youth engagement sessions, the Youth Development Survey and the Social Media Survey, the Community Wellbeing Project team has been able to start planning the Youth Development Section of the "Approaches to Community Wellbeing" model. A meeting was hosted with the Approaches to Community Wellbeing Working Group to compile the feedback and summarize the key messages including key values, goals, and the vision for youth in our region.

SLFNHA hopes to continue work with communities to improve the health of youth. We have begun to seek out potential program partners in order to implement new programs in our communities. We also hope to expand the capacity of current programs to include more communities or more staff to help

support the programming that already exists. We also hope to be a support for youth staff and help with resources and training in order to assure youth are getting the high quality resources. We hope to be able to continue to work with and engage youth throughout the project and have identified a potential for a Youth Advisory Council with SLFNHA in order to continue to work with youth long term.

Appendix A: Communities Represented

Community	Engagement Session	Youth Development Survey	Social Media Survey
*Sioux Lookout			
*Windsor			
Bearskin Lake			
Cat Lake			
Deer Lake			
Eagle Lake First Nation			
Fort Severn			
Kasabonika			
Keewaywin			
Kingfisher Lake			
Kitchenuhmaykoosib Inninuwug			
Lac Seul			
Marten Falls First Nation			
Mishkeegogamang			
Muskrat Dam			
Neskantaga			
Nibinamik			
North Caribou Lake			
North Spirit Lake			
Poplar Hill			
Sachigo Lake			
Sandy Lake			
Slate Falls			
Wapekeka			
Wunnumin Lake			

^{*}Community not represented by SLFNHA

Appendix B: Youth Tree Activity



Appendix C: Youth Values

Intrapersonal	Interpersonal	Activities	Relationships
Achievement (2)	Acceptance (4)	Acting	Family (59)
Competence	Caring is Sharing	Activities (2)	 Parents/Parental Figures
Confidence	Communication (2)	Anime	(10)
Courage (3)	Empathy (2)	Canadian Rangers	Grandparents (5)
Courage/Bravery (10)	Equality (2)	Dance	 Siblings/Step-Siblings (5)
Creativity	Forgiveness (3)	Drawing	• Children (3)
Determination(4)	Freedom (8)	Games (9)	Nephews and Nieces (2)
Persistence (2)	Guidance	Hobbies	Friends (46)
Happiness (8)	Harmony (2)	Music (14)	Relationships (4)
Heart	Honesty/Truth (20)	Videogames (7)	Pets (4)
Health (11)	Норе	Sports (6)	Internet Friends
Hope	Kindness (4)	Baseball (3)	Partner/Girlfriend/Boyfriend (4)
Humble	Love (12)	Basketball (4)	Elders (4)
Humour (6)	Loyalty (6)	Broomball	Bonds
Independence (2)	Open Mindedness (3)	Hockey (12)	Companionship
Inspiration	Patience (4)	Volleyball (7)	Others
Knowing yourself	Recognition (2)		Others
Life (9)	Respect (10)	00000. (7)	
Maturity (3)	Support (3)	 Football 	
Money (4)	Security		
My Hopes And My	Teamwork (2)	Outdoors/ Land	Education
Dreams	Trust (10)	Air	Education (23)
Myself (3)	Understanding	Animals (4)	• School (4)
Optimism	Power (2)	Outdoor Activities (2)	• DFC
Passion (2)	1 0 Wei (2)	 Fishing/Ice Fishing 	 Knowledge (2)
Responsibility (4)		(7)	Books (2)
Self-control (4)		Hunting (5)	Science (2)
Strength (4)		 Camping 	Intelligence
Success (4)		 Four-Wheeling 	Teachers
Wisdom (5)		 Ski-Dooing (3) 	
Youth (2)		Sliding	
Toutil (2)		 Snowboarding 	
		Nature (2)	
		Snow	
		Winter(2)	
		VVIIICE1(2)	
Community/Culture	Food	Objects	Other
History	Food (18)	Computer	Entertainment
Language (17)	Fruits	Television	Sharing
Community (2)	Ice Cream	Clothes (2)	Fun
Culture /Tradition/	Pizza	Eyebrows	Summer Vacation
Heritage (22)	Vegetables	House (4)	Stories
Home/Hometown (3)	Water (3)	Pens	Travel
Land (3)	Cereal	Goods	Netflix (2)
Religion	Pizza Pocket	Phone	Star Wars (2)
Faith (2)	Bannock	Trees	Sleep (4)
Spirituality	Healthy Eating (3)	Makeup	Balance
Family Name			Comfort
. aming reame			33

Appendix D: Youth Feedback Pelican, Dennis Franklin Cromarty, Matawa Learning Centre

	Healthy Eating	Physical Activity and Social Engagement	Sexual Health	Community Safety	Mental Health and Bullying	Addictions	Education and Employment	Culture	Relationships with Adults	Other
Question 1:What are the most im- portant problems/ issues facing youth today?	Obesity (2) Access to healthy food / Food security (8)	Indoor ice (2) Lack of activities / fitness(6) Only gym and den available, gets boring	Teen pregnancy Sexuality Relationships Body image Rape	Crime (2) Gangs Fire service (2) Break & entry Violence Rape	Depression (7) Anxiety (2) Dealing with loss Homesickness/Loneliness (3) Suicide Bullying (6) Rumours Abuse (2) Racism (2) Stress Low self esteem (2) Feeling hopeless Relationships	Drugs (7) Alcohol (6) Marijuana (3) Tobacco (non- sacred) (3) Peer pressure (2) Separation of Fam- iliesTemptati	Teachers are mean Education/ Schooling (3) Employment (2) Having to leave home to finish HS	Youth not learning tradition- al values and lan- guage	Teachers are mean Adults not listening to youth The youth don't listen to adults and elders Parental Neglect / family separa- tion (3) Not being able to talk to some- one we trust	Poverty (5) Drinking water (2)
Question 2: What can we do to solve these issues?	School breakfast Lower food prices Diabetes programs Education Community gar- den	Sports Exercise After school programs Nightly activities Recreation equipment (2) Fitness building Movie nights Tournaments Art & music programs More variety	Abstinence/safe sex strate- gies Someone to talk to Prenatal work- shops	More funds Volunteer-fire Better security (2) Security at the air- ports	Someone to talk to Online support Talk to others outside and with- in the community Counseling Bullying workshops (2) Feeling at home	Just say "No!" Treatment Quitting smoking contests, providing support, encourage- ment, dan- gers, making people aware Suboxone pro- grams Detox centre	More training Better teachers (more understanding, more experienced) Educated/qualified workers Student/youth council positions Providing more jobs	Mentors and Speakers (Redcloud Shibastik) Connecting with el- ders	Adults being more responsible Councilors make us feel at home Laid back Trustworthy Harder working youth workers	Housing All season road Water treatment plant Better building practices Water Treat- ment plant Renovations More funds
Question 3: What do you like about your community? (What makes it healthy?)	Breakfast at the school every Friday Healthy nutrition programs at DFC, Dilico, boarding houses	Sports Fitness Sports in the gym Tournaments in summer and winter (baseball, broomball, hockey) Activities going on sometimes Meet new people		Security at airports	Counseling programs-	Treatment programs Addiction awareness programs		Traditional practices Hunting Fishing Culture weeks Church Native lan- guage class	Recognition of what changes are needed Actively trying to make changes	

Appendix E: Programs Youth Use

Outdoor Activities	Physical Activities	Building Relationships	Art
Being Outdoors (2) Nature	Fitness (2)	Babysitting	"She's A Sachigo Woman"
Boat Rides	Gym	Communication	Art Program (3)
Bonfire	Hikes	Elders(6)	Dances
Camping (4)	Jogging (4)	Family	Music
Fishing (17)	Nature Walking (3)	Listening to Mom and Dad	Music Festival (2)
Fishing /Ice	Physical Activity	Talk	Singing and Drumming
Go Hunting With My Father	Pumping Iron	Mentors	
To Relieve Stress.	Recreational Activities	My Cousins House (2)	
Hunting (18)	Running	Spending time with Family	
Moose Hunt	Skating	Working With Elders (2)	
Outdoor Activities	Swimming (2)	Food	Employment
Partridge Hunting	Walking (8)	Baking	Customer Service
Portage		Cooking (2)	Volunteering
Ski-Dooing		Eating Dinner With	Jobs
Sledding		Eating Fresh Meats	Leadership Activities
Snowboarding		Fish Fry	Payday
Trapping (4)		Food	Summer Job (6)
Tubing		Friends And Family	Work (2)
Woodcutting (6)		Traditional Food	
Sports	Community Buildings	Programs and Services	Other
Baseball (2)	Arena/Outdoor Rink	Canadian Rangers	Going For A Drive
Basketball	Band Office (2)	Girl Power Wolf Spirit (2)	Laughter
Broomball (5)	Church	Heath Services (2)	Making Right Choices
Floor hockey	Clinic (2)	Mental Health Services (2)	Survive
Hockey (11)	Elementary School	Public Events	Welfare
Road Hockey (3)	Health Centre	Right To Play (4)	
Soccer (3)	Northern School	Student Council	
Sports (11)	Nursing Station	Summer Student Program	
Tournaments	School	Talking to a Councillor (2)	
Volleyball (9)	Store		
	Youth Centre		

Appendix F: Programs Youth Want

Physical Activity	Community	Other Activities	Stores/ Restaurants
Baseball (3) Basketball Biking (2) Boxing Dodge ball Exercise group Football (2) Four wheel club Hockey (6) Paintball Road hockey Ski-dooing club (2) Skydiving Soccer (8) Summer hockey Swimming (2) Volleyball (5) Yoga	Animal shelters Arcade Fitness center (3) Houses Library Movie theater (8) Outdoor rink (5) Renovation program Street lights Swimming Pool	Activities/ Family activities (3) After School Program Celebrations Cooking club/ Contests (7) First aid lessons Games night (3) Go Cart Racing Green house club Movie nights (8) Science club Snow sculpting Spelling Bees Summer Camp with a house to stay in (2) Tree planting	Sports Shop (3) Videogames Store(3) Thrift shop Restaurants (5) Drive Thru Tim Hortons (2)
Art Activities	Land Based Activities	Technology	Other
Art program (4) Arts & Crafts program (2) Beading Dancing/ Dances (6) Guitar Music program (11) Photography (2) Singing Classes	Camping (4) Cookouts Dog sledding (3) Fishing Ice fishing (2) Outdoor activities Outdoor club (3) Setting nets Trapping (2)	Lap top club League of legends club (2) Lightsaber club/Starwars club Radio club (2) Videogame tournaments (6)	A place to sleep Disney world/ Theme park Fun Factor Fridays (2) Guidance councillors More food at school Nap program Ranger training Trampoline park Water park (3)

Appendix G: Goals Youth Have For Their Community

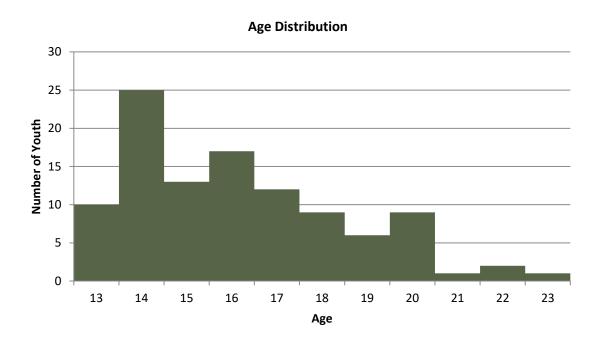
Personal goals	Infrastructure	Stores/Restaurants	Physical Activity
Archery	An All Season Road/Fix	Bookstore	Baseball Field
Be nicer	roads (6)	More Stores (4)	Equipment
Be on a commercial	Animal shelter (8)	Restaurant (6)	Fitness Center (4)
Become successful	Cell phone service	Small Mall	Gym Equipment (2)
Clean my room more	Community garden	Sports Store (5)	Hiking (2)
Get a boat/ski-doo/Four	Dock at the beach (6)	Store (Variety) (5)	Hockey
wheeler / Vehicle (4)	Farming	Store That is Run Well	Hunting (2)
Get my driver's license (6)	Library (3)	Tim Hortons/Cafe (2)	Outdoor School (2)
Learn Ojibway	More/Bigger homes (5)	Videogame store	Equipment/Play Ground
Make bannock	New Airport	Walmart/Red Apple	(5)
Make money	New School Bus (4)		Paintball Field
Marksmen	Outdoor rink (3)		People Being Active
Travel (3)	Park (2)		Rec. Center
	Paved roads (7)		Soccer
	Sidewalks (3)		Soccer field
	Solar panels (3)		Swimming Pool
	Soup kitchen		Volleyball net at the
	Street lights (3)		Beach
Education/Employment	Health	Technology	Community
A New School	Be more healthy	An arcade	Decrease poverty
An Institute of Technology	Change my eating habits	Become a Pro MLG	Increase community
Become a Chief (2)	Clean Water (2)	Gamer	population
Become a Nurse/Doctor	Having a healthy	Become a Youtuber (2)	Lower gas prices
Finish High School (5)	friendship with people	Make a videogame (3)	Make our community
Finish School (3)	Health program	Science Center	safer/ a better place
Get A Job (3)	Healthier food		
Go To/Finish	Healthy eating (3)		
College/University(6)	Larger Nursing Station/		
High School (3)	Small Hospital (3)		
Invest more in the School for	Lower food prices (5)		
better education	Stop bullying		

Appendix H: Youth Responses "What can SLFNHA do for you?"

- Visit Communities on a regular basis, meet with children and see what needs to be done.
- Organize workshops and classes on; healthy living, cooking, quitting smoking, workplace/ outdoor safety, first aid, event planning, photography, how to cook healthy meals with limited ingredients, and sexual and education.
- Organize swimming lessons.
- Organize more activities for youth such as; sports tournaments and leagues and clinics; self-defense classes; boxing classes; traditional teachings and practices; and music classes.
- Organize anti-bullying programs.
- Organize rehabilitation and support groups.
- Supply Resources such as money, art supplies, people, prizes, equipment and supplies for community events
- Advocate for more youth services and youth centers; arenas or outdoor rinks and basketball courts.
- Advocate for clean drinking water.
- Bring more nurses into the community and care takers of elders.
- Create food banks.
- Create more jobs for students.
- Promote healthy living.
- Help us with more ideas to help our community.
- Be my voice for promoting my programs.
- Pay attention to our responses.

Appendix I: Youth Engagement Survey Age of respondents

The youth who filled out the survey ranged from 13-23 years of age with the average age of 16.2.



Appendix J: Social Media Survey

What **Social Media** sites do you use?

1. Circle the sites you use the most



















2. How do you use these sites (Circle all that apply)

None

lpod

Phone

Tablet

Computer

- 3. Do you use any websites for First Nations Youth? What sites?
- 4. Do you want a Facebook Page for First Nations Youth?